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Loyola Lawyer

MAY/JUNE 1982

LOYOLA LAW SCHOOL

VOLUME 1/NUMBER 5



Rutgers Prof Chosen as 13th Dean

Arthur Frakt, a 43-year-old Rutgers University Law professor, has been chosen as the 13th dean of Loyola Law School, effective July 1.

Frakt assumes the position at Loyola, which is now held by Gerald P. Rosen, following a year-long national search for the new dean. Rosen is a full-time professor at the Law School who was serving as dean for the past year and will continue to teach at Loyola.

University President Rev. Donald P. Merrifield, S.J. said, "We are very fortunate to have found such an excellent candidate for dean as Arthur Frakt. He already has wide support among those who have had the opportunity to meet him and I look forward to working closely with him and continuing to develop the high standards and quality that Loyola is known for throughout the legal community."

61st Commencement:

Rosen Addresses Graduates

Graduates numbering 358 and their guests listened attentively on June 6 to Dean Gerald P. Rosen, keynote speaker, expound upon the benefits of their three years as law students at the 61st Commencement Exercises.

"I have recently heard your class called the class of economic anxiety," mused Rosen, who will relinquish his position as Loyola dean to Arthur Frakt, a Rutgers law professor, in July. "But, I'd prefer to take a look beyond these current anxieties—beyond the swamp of the present recession and the hurdle of bar exams—to the brave world you will enter as a member of an ancient, honorable and very distinguished profession."

Rosen spoke of "noteworthy characteristics of the graduates future world and the vast diversity of the opportunities that lie ahead" for them. He encouraged the graduates by speaking of lawyers' advantages in an economically depressed time—financially, as they have the opportunity to make money; geographically, as they may practice anywhere they want; and profes-

"Dean Rosen has given the Law School outstanding service," Merrifield continued. "His leadership for the past year will stand as a challenge to Dean Frakt."

Frakt received unanimous support by the Law School faculty to fill the dean's position. According to Merrifield, "He was the outstanding candidate because of his wide range of experience in the law, his academic accomplishments and his administrative experience."

"The role of the Law School dean, as I see it, is to help facilitate the appropriate intellectual, physical and emotional climate in which the capabilities of faculty and students may thrive, and in which they may achieve their full potential," Frakt commented.

Frakt earned his bachelor's degree with honors at Rutgers University in 1961 and his LL.B from Rutgers University Law School in 1964, where he was Notes and Comment Editor of the *Rutgers Law Review*.

Upon graduating, he became deputy attorney general of New Jersey for civil rights and held that position until 1966. He then joined the Rutgers School of Law faculty in Camden as an assistant professor of law. He became associate professor in 1968 and full professor in 1971. Frakt served as the associate dean of Rutgers Law School from 1969 to 1972.

Frakt has recently published a book entitled *"The Law of Parks, Recreation Resources, and Leisure Services"* and has written several law review articles and reviews including "Defamation Since Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc.: The Emerging Common Law," in the 1979 *Rutgers Camden Law Journal*(10); "The Evolving Law of Defamation: New

See *New Dean*, pg. 2

Wilson Claims 1st Award

Faculty Establishes \$2,000 Writing Prize

International Business Transactions Professor Donald T. Wilson has claimed the first annual Faculty Writing Prize, awarded by Loyola Law School to the faculty member who has made the most significant contribution to legal literature in the past calendar year.

Wilson was chosen for the \$2,000 prize for his newly published book, *"International Business Transactions in a Nutshell"* (West Publishing Company 1982). According to Wilson, the book took him seven years to complete because the field of international business transactions is changing so fast and is so wide ranging that law teachers and practitioners differ about the field's content and scope. The book, written specifically for law teaching purposes, has been widely accepted at other law schools and at least three other IBT professors are utilizing it as the principal coursebook in their classes.

More than 3,000 copies of the book were sold during the past 12 months and West Publishing has subsequently asked Wilson to begin a second edition, which is scheduled for publication in 1983. The original 434 page book will be increased to 500 pages for the second edition.

Entries were judged by a panel of distinguished outside judges which included UCLA Professor Steven Schiffren '75, Alumni Association Board of Governors representative Judge Manuel Real '52, and Judge

See *Writing Prize*, pg. 2

NEWS BRIEFS

Loyola Bar Admittees Celebrate

The Law School and the Alumni Association hosted its bi-yearly reception for graduates who passed the spring bar exam on June 10 at the Pasadena Civic Auditorium. Seventy Loyola graduates and their guests attended the hors d'oeuvres and champagne party, celebrating a first attempt passage rate of 59.46%. The statewide average was 31.4% this spring, down from 32.3% one year ago.



Burns Building Receives National Accolades

The Fritz B. Burns Academic Center, dedicated last January, has received national acclaim during the past few months. The American Institute of Architects included the Center in its tour of unique downtown architecture on May 9 and the New York Times Magazine featured a half-page picture of the Burns Building in its May 16 article on Frank O. Gehry, the building's architect. "The Loyola project, which will eventually give the Law School an entire small campus where none exists today, grew out of Gehry's fantasy of what a law school is all about — 'a fleeting image of a pileup of buildings, like an Acropolis, with stairs leading up to it'," the article read. "And fantasy, Gehry thinks, is what clients should want from an architect."

"One of the Loyola buildings will be a chapel that Gehry wants built out of plywood, and he is trying to convince the School that oiling its outside every few months to prevent delamination from the sun's ultraviolet rays will be an act of devotion," the article continued.

The chapel, which is Phase II of the Greater Loyola Law School Development Program is planned for groundbreaking in the fall.



Otto Kaus '49 (center) receives Honorary Doctor of Laws degree from President Merrifield (left) and Dean Gerald Rosen (right).

FROM THE DEAN



It seems as though it was only yesterday that I agreed to serve the Law School as dean for a year and in some ways I wish Father Merrifield had not asked me to do this job. So quickly I assumed the position of *Lame Duck!*

The hours were longer and the problems more diverse than I wished, and I suffered from a frequent sense that I was painfully learning how to do things and laboriously developing new skills — all for a one-time use only — a process that seemed almost sinfully inefficient to me.

On balance, however, I'm glad I agreed to take the deanship task on. Father Merrifield was the best boss I've ever had in my life — an excellent scientist, a conscientious administrator, and a man of sharp intelligence and ever-ready wit. He was stimulating to work for and a delight to be with. It's good to have him for a friend. Without exception, the members of the University and Law School staffs were supportive and helpful to me, as the 'new kid' on the block. The Law School faculty, cantankerous, argumentative, and individualistic as ever, pulled together as I've never seen them do before. The Board of Visitors and the alumni were continually and enthusiastically supportive. The Trustees approved my budget without a whimper. And the students pursued all their immensely diverse interests and treated me with a warmth and friendliness that ignored the generation gap. As I look back, it was indeed a fascinating experience.

What next? For the Law School, the chores are unending. New buildings must be funded, built and furnished. Additional faculty must be recruited and retained. Students must be selected, processed into lawyers, and graduated to serve the public. The process will continue.

As for me, I shall take a long-delayed sabbatical leave and then return to build hypothetically around a familiar horse named Dobbin; to tell students that many of their questions involve matters that are out of my ocean; and to warn every hopeful first-year Contracts student that "if you want to be a duck, first you must learn how to quack."

Gerald P. Rosen

Gerald P. Rosen
Dean and Professor of Law

New Dean, cont. from pg. 1

York Times Co. v. Sullivan to Gertz v. Robert Welch, Inc., and Beyond," in the 1975 *Rutgers Camden Law Journal*(6); "Non-Tenure Teachers and the Constitution," in the 1969 *Kansas Law Review*(18); and "Desegregation from Brown to Alexander by Stephen L. Wasby, et al," in 1977 fall *Rutgers Camden Law Journal*.

His professional activities include the presentation of several papers for annual meetings of state and national recreational leisure services, and park organizations and consulting and advising attorneys in the area of defamation, workers compensation and constitutional law.

He also served as a volunteer attorney for the New Jersey Civil Liberties Union from 1967 to 1977 and was a member of the Board of Camden Regional Legal Services.

"At Loyola, the ongoing creation of a challenging and exciting physical environment, the growing reputa-

tion for excellence of alumni and faculty, and the enthusiasm of a bright and highly motivated student body are very positive elements," Frakt said. "Equally important is the support of Loyola Marymount University, within the Jesuit tradition of academic excellence. All these factors lead me to conclude that there is a high likelihood of institutional achievement in which I will be proud to play a part."

Frakt is married with two children.

On the Cover: Class of 1982 graduates and their many faces express the feelings of the day at the 1982 Commencement Exercises on the LMU campus.

Loyola Law School firmly adheres to a policy against discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, marital status, physical handicap, medical condition, or age (as prohibited by applicable law).

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Opinions expressed in this publication are those of the individual authors and not necessarily those of the Law School administration. Unsolicited manuscripts and photographs are welcome but will not be returned unless accompanied by a stamped, self-addressed envelope. **Letters to the editor must be signed, but only the writer's initials will be published if so requested. Letters not intended for publication should indicate same.** Address all mail to:

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Recipient of this year's Eleanor Klein Award, given by the Lawyer's Wives of Beverly Hills at their annual symposium, was Ruth Gess (left). The award was made at the Beverly Wilshire Hotel on April 22 by Lorraine Rothman (right), a member of the Lawyer's Wives Association. Gess was chosen on the basis of merit scholarship.

Writing Prize, cont. from pg. 1

Shiela Prell Sonenshine '70, a member of the Board of Visitors.

Wilson, who has been teaching at Loyola since 1972, graduated from Cornell Law School in 1969 with a specialization in International Affairs. He was a member of the University of Glasgow law faculty on a Cornell Exchange Fellowship from 1966 to 1967 and studied at the International Institute for the Teaching of Comparative Law, at the University of Strasbourg. He also studied at the Parker School of Foreign and Comparative Law at Columbia University in 1974.

Wilson's other writings include "International Law and the Doctrine of the Reserved Domain of States, An Unruly Horse," VII University of Ghana Law Review 125 (1970); "International Business Transactions: Selection of Assisting Counsel in Other Countries, Including the United States," in 11 International Lawyer (April 1976) and a review of Baranson, "Transfer of Technology by Multinationals," the Texas International Law Journal in 1979.



Unveiled — William Hannon, LMU '37 (left), Joseph Rawlinson '58 (center) and Rev. Donald P. Merrifield, S.J. surround the Fritz B. Burns portrait, located on the 2nd floor of the Burns Center.

BURNS PORTRAIT UNVEILED

A 3x4 foot oil portrait of the late Southern California pioneer developer and builder Fritz B. Burns was unveiled at Loyola Law School on

June 7, in the Fritz B. Burns Academic Center, the structure at the Law School which was donated by its namesake philanthropic friend.

The Burns Academic Center received more than 2.5 million dollars from the Burns Foundation towards its construction, which completed the first building phase of the Greater Loyola Law School Development Program. The portrait will have its home on the second floor of the Academic Center at 1441 West Olympic Boulevard.

Fritz Burns, who died in 1979, had a long-standing relationship with Loyola Law School both in service and philanthropic endeavors.

The portrait of Burns, which was unveiled at the annual meeting of the Loyola Marymount University Regents and Trustees, was painted by Los Angeles artist Edward Fazio.

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Faculty Forum

Clinical adjunct faculty member **BILL HOBBS** delivered a series of spring lectures to peace officers at the Whittier, Montebello, Alhambra, Monterey Park and West Covina Police Departments on the 4th Amendment search and seizure law. He spoke specifically on vehicle and person searches and the developing rules in the "closed container" cases.

Hobbs also lectured to an experimental police cadet class at the Rio Hondo College Administration of Justice Regional Training Center on criminal law, evidence, laws of arrest and search and seizure.

Professor **MICHAEL JOSEPHSON** spoke at a June meeting of the Canadian Association of Law Schools (CALS) in Ottawa.

He continues as chairperson of the Teaching Methods Section for the American Association of Law Schools (AALS) and is the newly elected chairperson for the Trial Advocacy (litigation) section for the 1982-83 AALS.

Professor **GIDEON KANNER** participated as a panelist in the Continuing Education of the Bar Program, "Appellate Review Before Judgement," in Palm Springs, Los Angeles and Ventura.

Kanner also spoke to Washington State Realtors on the "Status of Property Rights in the Courts."

SUSAN LIEBELER, professor, spoke to the University of Rochester Graduate School of Management, Executive Development Program in Washington, D.C. in April on regulation and deregulation of financial markets.

Placement Director **JOAN PROFANT** was the conference speaker for the National Association for Law Placement on "Managing Placement Responsibilities." The conference was held in May in St. Petersburg, Florida.

Assistant Dean **LEO RAMOS** has been appointed to a new state bar Ethnic Minority Relations Committee.

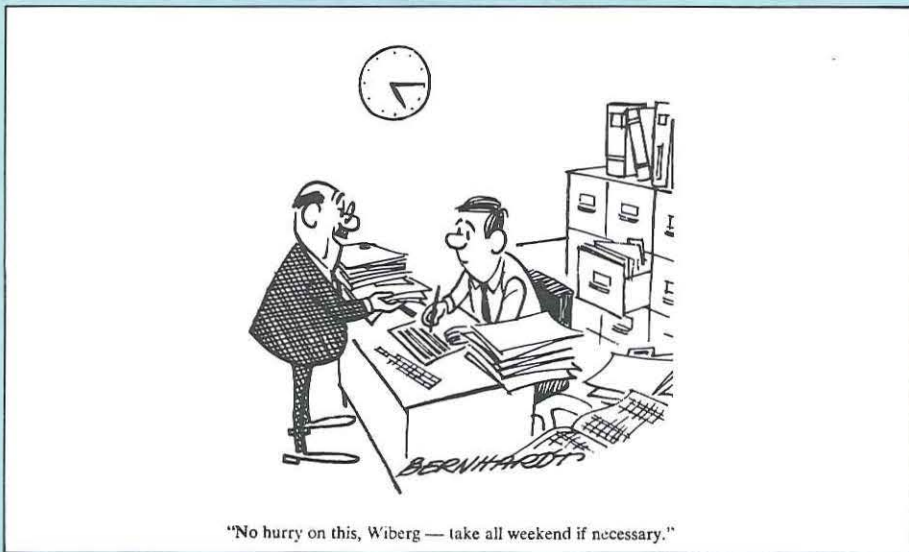
Dean **GERALD ROSEN** recently won the Don Buck Memorial Award, a newly established prize for the person who has contributed the most to yacht racing during the past year. Rosen ran racing and protest hearing seminars and served on the Southern California Yacht Association Appeals Committee as well as being a judge advocate for the California Yacht Club.

LLOYD TEVIS, professor, served as a member of a Bankruptcy Merit Screening Committee to present findings to the chief judge of the Court of Appeal, Ninth Circuit, as to whether the term of office of a bankruptcy judge should be extended.

DAVID C. TUNICK, professor, will conduct seminars during the summer and fall throughout the United States on the topic, "Computer Law: Structuring and Negotiating Contracts for Hardware, Software and Services."

Professor **GERALD F. UELMEN** has been appointed as a consultant to the California Law Revision Commission to prepare a report concerning the statutes of limitations for felonies in California.

Placement Center



New Associates Report:

Class of 1981 Employment Status

by Joan Profant
Placement Director

At a placement conference in May, a legal management consultant for Price-Waterhouse stated that law graduates are increasing by 7%, but that law firm growth is only projected at 4.2%. This would indicate employment disappointments in the future. At present, though, we have collected written information from the 1981 class members that looks extremely favorable.

For several years, Placement has spent time and resources gathering employment data from each previous class. It is tempting to simply print results again in a neat tidy box. The results have impact and as stated, the figures are good again this year. The fact that 98% of the 1981 graduates are employed (and satisfied) is a delightful culmination to this academic year. But even though it is reassuring, I still have concerns to share.

First of all, the report method requires amplification and analysis to provide a realistic context to the situation. This also seems a good time to make the point that it is unsettling to allow students or alumni to believe the myth that an employment rate marks a placement function as a success or a failure. Third, good statistics may lead you to believe the Law School and its current students don't need your support next year.

About the report itself — the employment statistic is produced not only as a counseling service to our Loyola students, but in co-sponsorship with the National Association for Law Placement (NALP). This year, the organization went to a computerized process that accepts data and delivers a print-out by school to each member user. For the past ten years, NALP has argued and negotiated the "rules" for constructing surveys.

A major point to be made is that all these results are from individuals who are "eligible." To be "eligible," an ABA graduate must have taken and passed the bar and is therefore by definition licensed to work. For our report, this means graduates from December who take the February bar and May grads who take the summer bar (or second time takers from February). This constitutes our annual class. We don't take credit for the substantial numbers who have attorney job offers, albeit not official status and work, in firms and agencies. However, we also don't survey those who are not employed and not licensed to practice. This is a common, but unhappy experience. These "limbo" period candidates account for some of the perception about "no jobs".

There is a problem in presenting data about the "alternatives to practice" areas. When is a J.D. being utilized even when the graduate is not actively practicing? What about those who don't take the bar, but work in quasi-legal areas and never fall into our placement search net? There are 6% of our graduates in alternative work areas, but the correct statistic reads 6% of those who bothered to take the bar or pass it and are working and satisfied in non-legal areas. The survey asks about satisfaction because we are trying to determine if a graduate who reports being an agent, an airline pilot, an actor, or a dentist, works out of choice or from scarcity of jobs in legal fields. It seems better to label some of these candidates as "not seeking" work as lawyers.

To further the problem, Loyola's strikingly well-qualified evening division, respondents tell of \$60,000 salaries in pre-law professions with a desire to work as new lawyers with "comparable pay and responsibility." It is difficult to happily classify these persons as unemployed, but in fact they are not the lawyers they desired to be when they applied to law school. Asking if a person is unemployed or employed isn't as simple as it appears.

Salary statistics are also hard to accurately present. The median salary for our 1981 class is \$27,000, ranging from \$18,000 to a top of \$40,000. There has to be a measure of discussion to account for the \$22,000 span in what a new lawyer earns out of school. Even with numbers, information useful in counseling should include the tremendously individual character of law firms with their multifaceted arrangements for a bonus, for profit-sharing and for benefits (or a lack of them). Compensation is a complex variation and hard to quantify on a chart.

This seems a time to point out a favorite theme of mine. Employment surveys cannot be used to label the "good" placement service from the villainous outfit that doesn't help our students. That kind of simplistic formula causes my fellow professionals to balk about the true nature of their work. The dimensions of a truly effective career counseling department as career specialists in legal environments are not counted in people working,

see Employment Report pg. 5

Commencement, cont. from pg. 1

periences were designed to transmit."

He also congratulated the graduates on their powers of articulation and persuasion and noted that their exposure to the case method has now given them a broad knowledge of how things work in our society.

"More significantly," Rosen said, "you have learned to practice a technique of decision making that is not normally practiced by others. You have learned to make a decision based on assembled facts. Like the rest of mankind, we too (lawyers) make decisions off the curbstone," he said, "but when decisions are tough and the alternatives are serious, we fall back on the operational technique we know."

The exercises also included the awarding of an Honorary Doctor of Laws degree to California Associate Supreme Court Justice Otto Kaus '49 and speeches delivered by three Class of 1982 graduates; Annette Fields, Craig DeRicat and Susan Richter. The student speakers addressed their class members on the joys and sorrows of going through law school and the advanced perspective they have gained after their three years of studying law.



Annette Fields

Fields, first of the students to speak, began on a humorous note but ended in a more serious tone, reflecting on the evolution of character as one goes through the "law school experience." "One tends to lose some of their personal goals and values," she said, "and now you must regain sight of your personal values and be sure that your legal work is consistent with these values."



Craig DeRicat

DeRicat cautioned graduates to "question everything." "All of your lives you've been told that you're the hope of the future and the promise of tomorrow," he said. "It is now time to make good on that promise."

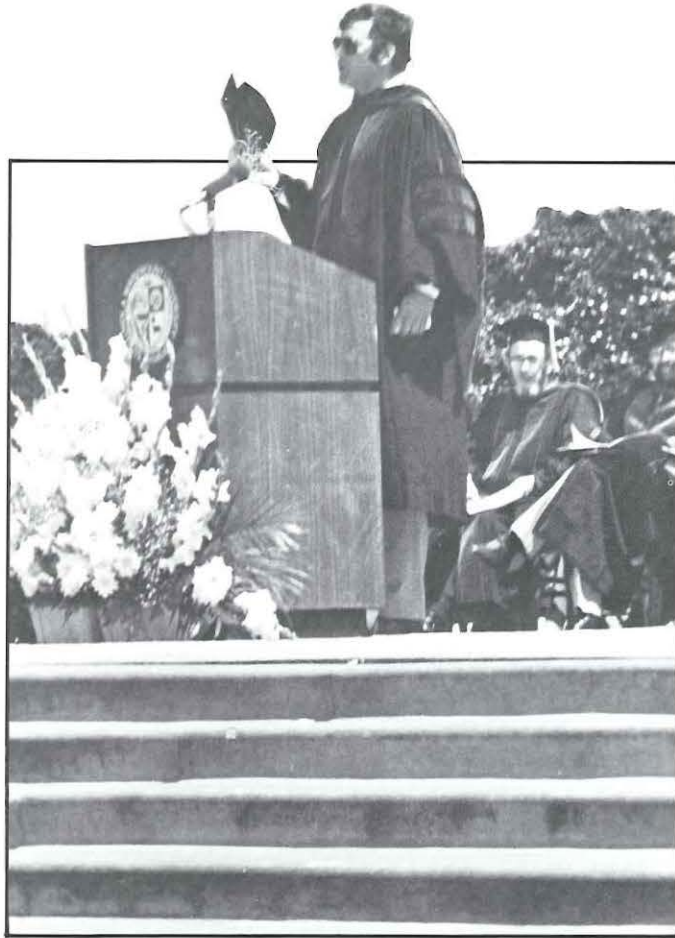
Richter, quoting Dante, reminded the graduates that they are the "best and the bravest."

The Richard A. Vachon, S.J., Distinguished Service Medallion for humanitarian service to the community and to the Law School was presented to Ann Meltzer, mother of quadruple congenital amputee Jenine Meltzer, who graduated with the Class. Ann Meltzer is the first person to receive this new annual award, which was established in memory of the late Associate Dean Richard A. Vachon, S.J.

FRAKT TALKS FRANKLY

By Adrienne Morea

"Be honest" seems to be Arthur Frakt's message. He clearly asserts that he is an academician through and through, both by experience and innate feeling. Questions concerning himself are not of particular interest to him, although he will answer them. Instead, he has a penchant towards the heart of the Law School — his new colleagues, the students, curriculum, and the future. "If you don't like something, say so," Frakt said, less than a minute into the following interview. And this, he says, will be the manner by which he upholds his position as dean — very up-front. Well, if honesty is the best policy, the newest Loyola dean may be the best ever.



LAWYER:

First of all, how did you hear about the position at Loyola and what was it about Loyola that made you respond?

FRAKT:

I heard about the job because I received a personal letter inviting me to send a curriculum vitae for the Committee's consideration.

LAWYER:

Well, why would they invite you personally?

FRAKT:

I had no idea at the time, but I just recently learned how it happened. There was a teacher that my wife and I knew at the University of Montana who also taught here and he suggested my name. I've gotten invitations to apply for deanships on a recurring basis because I've been an associate dean on two different occasions and I've had a lot of other administrative responsibilities. I was at Rutgers when both the affirmative action and clinical programs were begun. I wasn't looking for a deanship. I've been teaching for 17 years and in the long run, I'd like to be in the classroom. I think that's the most challenging part of academics. But, I have had lots of ideas about law school administration — effective law school administration — and the deanship here was an opportunity and a challenge I decided to accept.

LAWYER:

How come you never went for the deanship at Rutgers, then?

FRAKT:

For several reasons. When I first began at Rutgers, Camden, there was a faculty of ten and a student body of 100 and now the faculty is 40 and there are 700 students. During that growing time, I was involved in virtually every aspect of that School. I chaired the admissions, clinics, and promotions committees and I was always interested in the administration. Over the years, Rutgers had reached a point where the future was fairly set. In development, which I had a major part in, we were at a point where there weren't going to be major changes in the next several years. In a sense, we were a holding operation with minor adjustments.

The other reason that I didn't want to be dean of Rutgers Law School was that the Law School in Camden was 45 miles from the central administration. It seemed

to me that that was a no-win proposition. The Law School was not a central part of the University program. Everything that the Law School got was reluctantly given up by the central administration.

LAWYER:

How do you feel that will differ here? We're not in the exact same position — geographically — but we are still separate from the main campus.

FRAKT:

Thirteen miles to LMU is a big difference compared to Camden's 45 miles to New Brunswick. Secondly, at Rutgers, there are two law schools — Camden and Newark — both vying for the University's attention. Loyola Marymount is a relatively small university and the Law School is a very important part of it. There's a real sense of cooperation and interest from the President.

Father Merrifield very sincerely recognizes that this is a major component of the University. And to be able to have direct access to the University is very important. There aren't as large a number of administrators to get 'in the way' like at Rutgers, either.

LAWYER:

What do you think the Law School's relationship with the University is going to be now that you're here? I mean, what would you like it to be?

FRAKT:

I would like to think that the University is interested in having the best law school that it can. The question of who is actually exercising authority and who has control over what will be done will be determined in a rational and logical way. I think it's important for the Law School dean to protect the interests of the faculty, and the students and the University as a whole, by being the person of authority.

LAWYER:

Hopefully, that person's gained authority as dean because he has the greatest knowledge for the greatest good of the School, but that isn't always the way it turns out . . .

FRAKT:

If the Law School dean doesn't exercise authority properly, I don't think the answer is to insulate the School with a waiting room full of administrators, but to

change the Law School dean. I will, of course, consult and report to the President. I think there's many ways of building bridges with the University without worrying about who has authority about this or that.

LAWYER:

Such as . . .

FRAKT:

Joint degree programs for instance. They should be developed as the University develops graduate programs.

LAWYER:

Now you're talking curriculum.

FRAKT:

It all works together. Joint degrees could be very beneficial for both the University and the Law School. I've already talked with the President about having a regular exchange of programs with scholars from the University from different departments speak on various topics. Topics that will have a legal component but will also have a liberal arts component or an engineering component. Just for example, in my own field, which is Environmental Law, there are many issues where the legal component is dependent on science and also philosophy. I think we can have some exciting interchanges of ideas with the University which will further mutual dependence and trust.

LAWYER:

Who would these programs be geared to? Internal or external audiences or both?

FRAKT:

Well, initially, the faculty and students and friends of the University. But, if it turns out that we can develop some exciting exchange programs, we might want to expand it. My idea initially is to show the interdependence of law and other fields of knowledge. "Lawyers are instant experts on everything." That's simply not true.

There are areas where we fill our heads with legal solutions without being fully knowledgeable of what the political scientists have to say, or what the environmentalists have to say or the theologians. I mean there are clearly moral and spiritual issues which have legal aspects as well as vice versa.

LAWYER:

Are you talking spiritual and moral issues because we are Jesuit based?

FRAKT:

No. I think that there are several points in recognizing that the Jesuits definitely have a mission in education. I'm not an expert on Jesuit education, but there's a purpose in their educational system. There's an important spiritual component in education. The law is structured by a structured way of dealing with the moral values of society.

LAWYER:

I know the moral choices exist, but that doesn't mean they're implemented in the present system. Do you feel they are?

FRAKT:

People may talk superficially about how we (lawyers) have a role of service to humankind and we should forget about the almighty dollar but that's superficial, too. What you have to remember is that there will always be moral choices. Take, for example, a lawyer who works as a criminal defense attorney. Why do we permit criminal defense? Why do we have this constitutional right when we know that the vast majority of the people who are indicted for crime are, in fact, guilty of crime? Well, it reflects a certain value judgement in our society. It isn't just the obvious issues of state and school, prayer or abortion. Law involves choices which involve a cost/benefit theory. Look at Environmental Law. Cost is not just measured in monetary terms, but in spiritual and moral terms. What's the value of a beautiful sunrise? What's the value of breathing clean air? Or preserving life? So, on every level a lawyer is dealing with spiritual and moral choices and I think the University can really help us remember this and at the same time we can work with them to show that they can have an impact upon the way things are structured legally in our society.

LAWYER:

What do you see as your biggest challenge as dean?

FRAKT:

The most challenging job for me personally is to be an effective law school teacher. So, I see that as the biggest challenge for me — as dean — to make Loyola a place where the faculty can really be effective and students can learn very well.

LAWYER:

Loyola, then, should be a place where you would like to be a faculty member as well?

FRAKT:

Right. Because I think of myself as an academic and a faculty member. That's why I'm going to make it a personal policy to teach on a regular basis. I thought long and hard about taking this position. I looked at the success of the faculty. I looked at the student work and the potential for the students. I think that I have enough background both practically and theoretically to understand the disparate positions of the law faculty members. I mean, they all think of themselves as adversaries.

LAWYER:

Every faculty has gaps, though.

FRAKT:

But, I'd like to make Loyola's gaps very small.

LAWYER:

What do you feel are the differences between our faculty and other law school faculties? Comparatively with Rutgers, let's say, since that's a solid frame of reference.

cont. on next page

Frakt, *cont.*

FRAKT:

The difference is — and I think it's more apparent than real — at Rutgers, teaching and legal writing and scholarship were all extremely important and connected. Some people were better than others in the classroom. But, the best teachers were involved in writing and their writing helped them develop the best coursework.

That's not to say that you have to be involved in the kind of writing and research that leads you away from the classroom. The vision at Rutgers was to be the best possible teacher and this involved writing because writing involves asking oneself questions. You can't simply ask your students all the hard questions. You must also ask yourself. If you teach something, there should be aspects of it that interest you to do research and to share your insights to students, the Bar, and the public in general.

LAWYER:

You're aware that the faculty just voted to award an annual \$2,000 Faculty Writing Prize, aren't you?

FRAKT:

Yes, and I think that will encourage what I'm talking about. But, again, as part of the notion that this is what will make teaching more effective. The best teachers I've known know how to communicate their knowledge in other ways besides the classroom and it will be encouraged in the future here.

LAWYER:

What were your first impressions of the Law School?

FRAKT:

Well, I was lead to believe that Loyola was in somewhat of a bombed-out area, so I was pleasantly surprised. Anyway, I came from Camden, New Jersey, which is also an urban campus. And you know the old joke: the first prize is a week's vacation in Camden and the second prize is two weeks vacation in Camden . . .

What I saw at Camden as the School developed was that you can have a relatively small amount of space and the campus can lead to good feelings. A bit of grass and shrubbery does wonders.

LAWYER:

Had you heard any other negative comments?

FRAKT:

Well, not exactly negative. But in terms of faculty development, which is what I'm interested in, there's some major problems and they don't all stem from the school itself.

How do we attract the best faculty members we can find, given the economic realities of what individuals can make in the law practice generally and the cost of living in the Los Angeles area? It's happening all over the country. Very good professors in mid-career need to supplement their incomes. So, they do more and more consulting until they really have a full-time private practice. I mean, some consulting can really enrich your experience. I've done some, and I encourage faculty members to consult. But, you have to remember that the primary function is teaching. And what you have to try to provide is for faculty members to be able to support their families. A major

concern is that we can't offer them what they can get in a firm. We have to think about salaries.

Every law school benefits from having distinguished visiting professors. In order to do that properly, we probably have to bring them in from outside the area. This problem is not particular to Loyola; it's just exasperated here because of the incredibly high cost of housing. We'll have to work on that too.

I don't think the faculty here has developed cliques yet and that's important. There seems to be a lot of good feeling right now and I think much of that has to do with Gerry Rosen who's done wonders this past year. I want to continue in that fashion. My immediate challenge is to keep the faculty happy, because students get the most out of their education when the faculty is functioning well. Whatever I do will always be with the view of serving the students better.

NEW OPPORTUNITIES IN ESTATE PLANNING

by Robert Cooney
Director of Development

The changes made by the Economic Recovery Tax Act (ERTA) in the estate and gift tax areas are indeed revolutionary. Just about every aspect of an existing estate plan might need to be reviewed: wills, trusts, life insurance policies, jointly owned property retirement plan benefits, business disposition arrangements, and family and charitable gift programs. In all likelihood, a thorough review could serve as a prelude to major revisions. Some highlights are:

- The total amount that a person may transfer to beneficiaries and heirs free of the gift and estate tax will be increased from \$225,000 to \$600,000 over the next five years.
- The maximum rate on cumulative estate and gift transfers will be cut from 65% to 50% in three more annual steps.
- Married people may now avoid the headache of having to prove how much was furnished by each spouse in determining the portion of jointly-owned property to be included in a gross estate.
- The all important marital deduction is now unlimited, for both lifetime and testamentary transfers, and certain terminable interests now qualify for the marital deduction.
- The annual gift tax exclusion has been boosted from \$3,000 to \$10,000 per donee. If a married couple elects gift-splitting, they may give \$20,000 to any donee each year without incurring any tax liability.
- The provision which includes the value of transfers within three years of death in a decedent's gross estate has been virtually repealed.

Planning Charitable Gifts

Estate gifts are a traditional and strong source of the Law School's support. In planning estates, many of our donors have found that planned gifts may be effective vehicles for achieving both personal and philanthropic objectives.

For example, a testamentary planned gift may be either outright or deferred. An outright charitable bequest will provide maximum tax benefits because the full fair market value of the gift will be deductible for federal estate tax purposes.

Deferred bequests through the use of charitable remainder trusts may also generate attractive estate tax benefits as well as provide additional spendable income to a surviving spouse or other family members. Another valuable benefit offered by such trusts is the assurance of the proper and competent management of the trust assets for the benefit of intended beneficiaries.

The tax benefits of testamentary charitable bequests may be substantially augmented by accelerating the bequest and creating a charitable remainder trust during life. Such an arrangement, while fully preserving the estate tax benefits of a similar testamentary gift, provides the donor with significant income tax benefits.

For more information about including Loyola Law School in estate plans please contact:

Robert A. Cooney
Director of Development
Loyola Law School
1441 West Olympic Boulevard
Los Angeles, California 90015
(213) 736-1042

Neither the author, the publisher, nor this organization is engaged in rendering legal or tax advisory service. For advice and assistance in specific cases, the services of an attorney or other counsel should be obtained. The purpose of this publication is to provide information of a general character only. Watch for tax revisions. State laws govern wills, trusts and charitable gifts made in a contractual agreement. Advice from legal counsel should be sought when considering these types of contracts.

Employment Report, *cont. from pg. 3*

but in programs. An analysis of the job market and projections about it are valid, but once the operation is professionalized, there is little control of the outside market.

The facts are that a "good" placement service requires active and consistent support from faculty, from all factions of the current students, and of critical importance, assistance from our 5,000 alumni. If these component partners are informed and involved, the business operation will achieve the objectives.

It is true that the employment market for legal talent in private law firms was expansive in Southern California the past 12 months. The students we train are highly qualified and the training they receive is high quality. We are making those facts known with greater thoroughness than in the past. However, complacency is not possible. Our career development services need to be truly consolidated this next academic year. The employment picture will be darker for the next class even in Los Angeles. I ask every alumni to consider using our service by sending a job position listing or conducting recruiting interviews and contribute by speaking at career programs and by remembering with empathy the anxiety of beginning professional life when you encounter our new grads. Keep the Law School healthy.

P.S. A very special thank you to our newest alumni, the members of the Class of 1981, who wrote two pages of good counseling information about jobs, techniques and advice for the Placement Office.



Jenine Meltzer '82 (seated) with her mother, Anne Meltzer, who was awarded the first Richard A. Vachon, S.J. Distinguished Service Medallion.

Richard A. Vachon Memorial Service Held

A first anniversary memorial service for Rev. Richard A. Vachon, S.J. was held on June 10 in the Loyola Law School chapel, with a mass con-celebrated by Rev. James Markey, S.J., law school chaplain, and Rev. Charles Casassa, S.J., university chancellor.

The Thursday evening event gathered 75 people in memory of the former associate dean and was followed by a reception in the faculty lounge. Assistant Dean Lola McAlpin-Grant reported on the status of the Rev. Richard A. Vachon

To further the funding of the scholarship, Board of Visitors member Burton R. Cohn will hold a private cycling invitational in honor of his birthday on August 15. Participants were asked to make donations to the scholarship in lieu of an entry fee and birthday gifts to Cohn.

Memorial Scholarship Fund which received donations from more than 200 friends in 1981-82. The Fund now has \$23,200 towards its \$50,000

see Service, pg. 6

Alumni Bash Planned for July 10

The second annual Loyola Alumni family picnic and barbeque, packed with all the amenities including hot dogs, hamburgers, beer and wine, is planned for July 10 at the LMU Birds Nest and best of all, is FREE.

The 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. event, sponsored by the Alumni Association Board of Governors, is open to all Law School alumni, their spouses, children and guests. The Alumni Association chose to make it 'on the house' this year, to encourage participation in future alumni activities and to gather the largest group possible to renew the camaraderie of Law School days.

Games, including egg toss, wheelbarrow races, relay races and a three-legged race, have been planned for children of all ages. Food will be on the grill from 12 to 2 p.m. Although there is no admission charge, the Alumni Association requests RSVP's with the number of people attending in your party to adequately plan for food. Please call Chris Park in the Alumni Relations' office at 213-736-1045 for reservations.

SECOND ANNUAL FAMILY PICNIC

FREE PICNIC

hosted by your

LOYOLA LAW SCHOOL ALUMNI ASSOCIATION
BOARD OF GOVERNORS

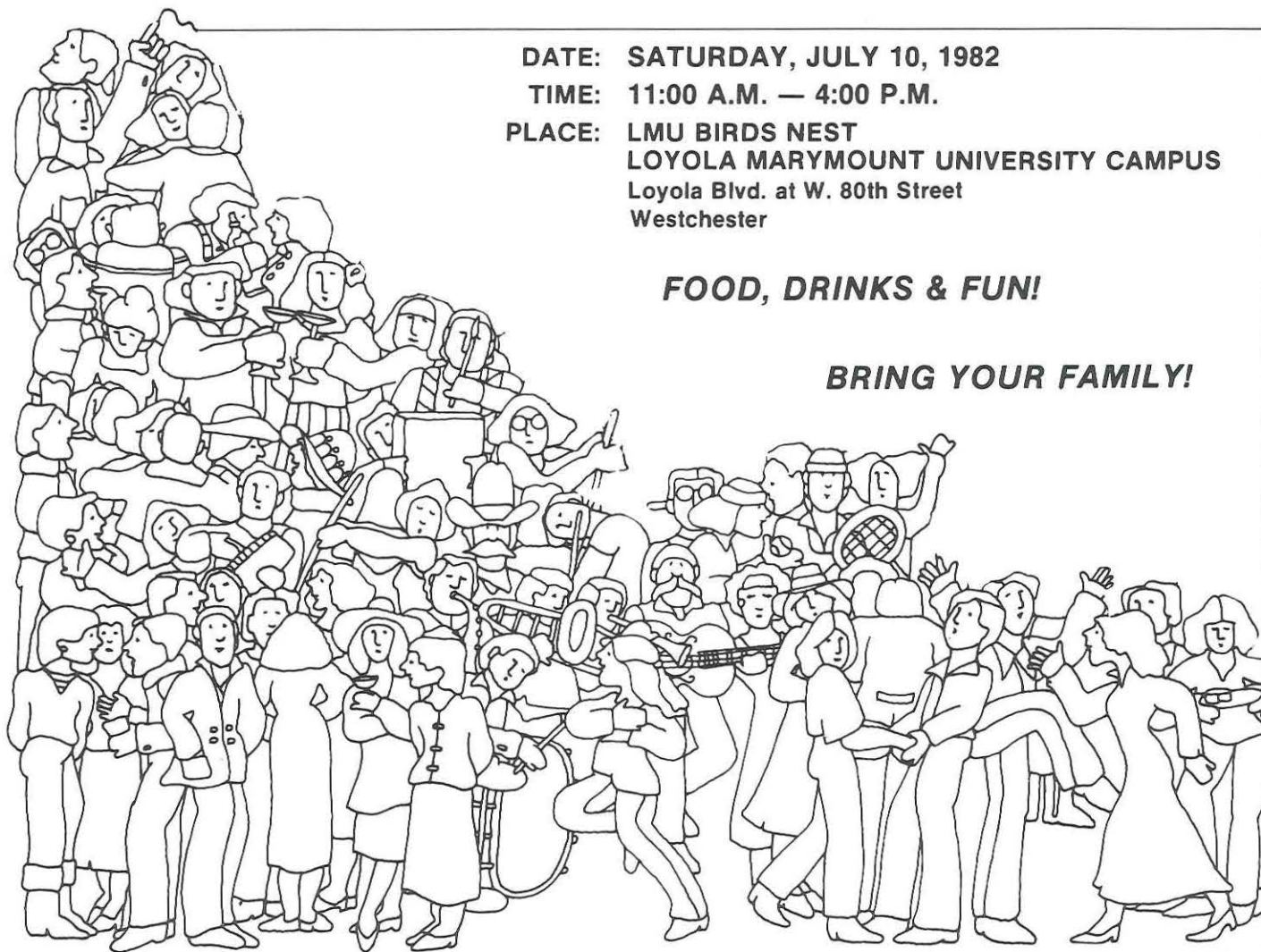
DATE: SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1982

TIME: 11:00 A.M. — 4:00 P.M.

PLACE: LMU BIRDS NEST
LOYOLA MARYMOUNT UNIVERSITY CAMPUS
Loyola Blvd. at W. 80th Street
Westchester

FOOD, DRINKS & FUN!

BRING YOUR FAMILY!



Food will be served between 12 p.m. — 2 p.m. Beer & Soft drinks all day.

THE ADVOCATES 1981 - 1982

— \$150,000 Goal
by June 30, 1982

— \$144,000 as of
June 1, 1982

— \$115,000+ as of
March 11, 1982

— \$75,000 as of
Dec. 31, 1981

— \$20,000+ as of
October 15, 1981

Advocates Near \$150,000 Goal

With \$144,000 received to date, the Advocates are climbing as quickly as possible to reach their \$150,000 goal by June 30. The 1981 goal of \$120,000 was met and exceeded by \$10,000 at this time last year. According to chairman of The Advocates Roman Silberfeld '74, the major obstacle in reaching the goal this year stems from delinquent funds which were pledged by Loyola alumni during the March Phonathon. More than \$4,000 still remains outstanding. Silberfeld urges all alumni to 'make good' on their pledges by June 30 so that they will be included in the 1981 - 82 Donor Honor Roll.

SPECIAL BULLETIN

The Alumni Association reports this late news concerning Board of Governors' election results: The new Board members are Kevin P. Fiore '69, Hon. Richard Mednick '66, Robert M. Myers '75, Hon. Manuel L. Real '51 and Fumiko Hachiya Wasserman '78.

Fiore, Myers and Real were re-elected and Mednick and Wasserman are newly elected. All will serve two-year terms.

Service, cont. from pg. 5

goal for 1984. Additionally, \$3,815 has been donated to underwrite the Father Vachon portrait, which is now in the Burns Building Deans' Suite but will eventually hang in the new chapel, to be built in Phase II of the Law School building program. The Fund money will be used for an annual scholarship which is to be awarded to a third or fourth-year student who has demonstrated significant achievement in Law School, particularly in the second year; is in need of financial assistance; and is pursuing a judicial clerkship. The first award will be made next year.



Class of '61 — Reuniting for five hours at Colombo's Restaurant on May 21 were 15 members of the Class of '61. The event was chaired by Larry Crispo '61.



Class of '71 — Harry Zavos (second from right), professor and alumnus of LLS '71, captivates his reunion audience on April 15 in the Burns Center Faculty Lounge. The informal event was co-chaired by Zavos and classmate Allan Tebbetts.

LEGAL BRIEFS

1920's Decade Correspondent

H. Landon Morris '29
Morris & Polich
900 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 830
Los Angeles, California 90017

1930's Decade Correspondent

Fred J. Martino '39
1901 Avenue of the Stars
Suite 920
Los Angeles, California 90067

Bernard J. Del Valle '32 and fellow alumnus Vincent G. Arnerich '32 commenced their practice of law in December 1932 and are still practicing law as partners today. They may be the oldest active partnership in Los Angeles County and probably the Loyola Law School record holder for partnership longevity.

1940's Decade Correspondent

Clement F. Von Lunenschloss
Director of Corporate Contracts
Hughes Aircraft Company
Building 1, Mail Station A-191
Culver City, California 90230

Frank Barclay '49 is now practicing as a solo practitioner and counsel to the international law firm of Kaplan, Russin & Vecchi.

1950 Class Correspondent

Jerry Fine
Fine, Armstrong, Perzik & Friedman
10960 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 1900
Los Angeles, California 90024

Vern L. Cline recently retired from the position of Assistant Chief Counsel, State of California, Department of Water Resources. He has moved to the Santa Fe, New Mexico area.

Charles Krugmeier wrote to say that his study group made up of Howard Harris '50, Joe Thompson '49, Terry McGovern '50, Kinglsey Hoegsted '49 and himself all attended Harris' son's wedding. "We are all still alive and kicking and still with our wives."

1951 Class Correspondent

Hon. Manuel L. Real
U.S. District Court Judge
312 North Spring Street
Los Angeles, California 90012

1952 Class Correspondent

W. Montgomery Jones
Jones & Jones
712 East Broadway
Glendale, California 91205

Merle H. Sandler was recently appointed to the Advisory Board of Marina Mercy Hospital, Marina del Rey.

Marshall M. Schulman participated in the Orange County Bar Association and Superior Court walk-thru program as one of the criminal law speakers.

1953 Class Correspondent

Richard I. Roemer
Roemer & Hamwi
21515 Hawthorne Boulevard
Suite 1030
Torrance, California 90503

1954 Class Correspondent

Mary G. Creutz
Creutz & Creutz
11611 San Vicente Boulevard
Suite 206
Los Angeles, California 90049

1955 Class Correspondent

Harold T. Tredway
Tredway, Brandmeyer & Ward
10841 Paramount Boulevard
Downey, California 90241

Ernest A. Long — was elected vice president and counsel, senior legal officer, for the Western region of the Prudential Insurance Co. of America.

1956 Class Correspondent

Arnold J. Stone
Wainer & Stone
1900 Avenue of the Stars
Suite 1090
Los Angeles, California 90067

1957 Class Correspondent

Thomas T. Roberts
827 Deep Valley Drive #307
Rolling Hills, California 90274

1958 Class

1959 Class Correspondent

Louis J. Knobbe
Senior Partner
Knobbe, Martens, Olsen, Hubbard & Bear
610 Newport Center Drive
Suite 1605
Newport Beach, California 92660

1960 Class Correspondent

Leonard J. Borggrebe
16633 Ventura Boulevard
Suite 1350
Encino, California 91436

1961 Class

Lawrence W. Crispo was recently elected to the Executive Board of the American Board of Trial Advocates and appointed to the State Bar of California Commission on Judicial Nominees Evaluation.

1962 Class Correspondent

Hon. Michael T. Sauer
Los Angeles Municipal Court
110 North Grand Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90012

Michael A. Bell was recently certified as a diplomate of the American Board of Professional Liability Attorneys, which is a national organization of lawyers engaged in trial of professional liability cases.

1963 Class Correspondent

Hon. Charles R. McGrath
Superior Court Judge
Ventura County
800 South Victoria Avenue
Ventura, California 93003

Carl F. Lowthorp, Jr. is presently serving on the Boards of Directors of the Oxnard Boys Club, the Oxnard Girls Club, and the Oxnard Community Hospital.

1964 Class

1965 Class Correspondent

Thomas S. Gallagher
1008 West Main Street
El Cajon, California 92020

1966 Class Correspondent

David M. Chodos
Simke, Chodos & Silberfeld, Inc.
6300 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 9000
Los Angeles, California 90048

1967 Class Correspondent

Barry T. Harlan
15760 Ventura Boulevard
Suite 1123
Encino, California 91416

1968 Class Correspondent

Robert J. Eadington
14131 Yorba Street
Tustin, California 92680

Edward H. Cummings serves as the director of the foreign Trade Association of Southern California. Cummings practices in Newport Beach with the law firm of Munns, Kofford, Hoffman, Hunt & Throckmorton.

Gregory C. Garrett recently became a partner with the San Diego law firm of Peterson, Thelan & Price. The firm practices primarily in the areas of land use and zoning, real property, business and litigation.

Stephen F. Page is now treasurer and legal counsel of the Black & Decker Manufacturing Company in Maryland.

Gerald M. Singer writes "I am informed that my book, *How To Go Directly Into Solo Law Practice (Without Missing A Meal)*" is now being utilized as required text at several law schools throughout the United States. Sales are still gratifyingly brisk. My case before the U.S.-Iran Claims Tribunal at the Hague, Netherlands is back on the active list, Iran having failed to perform as agreed on our settlement agreement entered into in Vienna last October. I now sit as a judge pro tem approximately three days per month. I still teach at Loyola Law School; presently teaching legal ethics in nostalgic classroom "A". I have moved my offices to 16000 Ventura Blvd., 5th Floor, Encino, Ca. 91436.

Pat Sweeny is serving this year as a White House Fellow with duties as a special assistant to the deputy administrator of NASA.

1969 Class Correspondent

Hon. Benjamin Aranda III
Los Angeles County
Municipal Court
825 Maple Street
Torrance, California 90503

1970 Class Correspondent

Michael A. Barth
2029 Century Park East
Suite 1515
Los Angeles, California 90067

Walter C. Whitaker has opened a legal and financial planning firm in the LAX Airport area.

Joel L. Zwick was assigned to hear Air Traffic Controllers Trade disputes and appeals on unemployment denials.

1971 Class Correspondent

Thomas P. Cacciatore
Binder & Cacciatore
2975 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 600
Los Angeles, California 90010

Sam K. Abdulaziz has been involved extensively in legal matters relating to the home improvement field and other construction matters. He also monitors the Contractor's State License Board and serves on various committees of that Board. He has written various articles for the "Reeves Journal", "American Building Contractors Association Newsletter", "Contractors State License Board Newsletter", "Building News", etc. and participated as a speaker for seminars and various organizations. Abdulaziz presented the award for Lawyer of The Year by the Constitutional Rights Foundation of the Los Angeles County Bar Association.

Herbert F. Blanck will end his one year term as president of the San Fernando Bar Association at the end of September. Blanck has dissolved his partnership and returned to solo practice with an emphasis on appellate advocacy in all Federal and State Courts. Blanck has also accepted the presidency of the West San Fernando Valley Alumni Chapter of Loyola Law School. Anyone wishing to help him with a chapter event this fall are encouraged to contact him.

Tom Cacciatore is married to Lyn Beckett Cacciatore '79. Tom has been active as president of the Italian-American Lawyers Bar Association and various charitable groups.

Nancy Cattell is a sole practitioner in probate, corporation and real estate law in addition to working at Santa Monica college as a counselor and director of articulation, and directing a \$100,000 + grant for the development of computerized career counseling.

Arthur J. Cohen is associate dean and instructor in litigation at the University of West Los Angeles, School of Paralegal Studies.

R. Spencer Douglass is president of the Douglass Financial Corporation, who are national underwriting managers for surety bonds in 15 states. He is also involved in the private practice of law from an office in Del Mar.

Joseph Gellman has been active in several bar associations, has served as a Pro Tem in West Los Angeles and downtown for several years, and specializes in trial work — civil and criminal, state and federal. His firm handles administrative matters including worker's compensation.

Samuel W. Gordon is a CEB lecturer on debtor-creditor matters. Gordon recently formed the partnership of Hemar, Gordon & Rousso with a specialization in commercial law and litigation.

Galen Griep recently accepted a full partnership interest in his present firm, having left the Auto Club's house counsel operation in August 1980.

Mark E. Grosher has relocated his practice to Laguna Beach. Grosher is a solo practitioner.

John Hoffman recently sold the Orleans Building in Santa Ana where he had his practice for the last four years. He has relocated to Long Beach in Belmont Shore.

Victor H. Person recently obtained the largest Los Angeles County consumer protection settlement in the ten-year history of the district attorney's Consumer and Environment Protection Division. The settlement came in a lawsuit under Business and Professions' Code Section 17200 (prohibiting unlawful and unfair business practices) wherein the people prosecuted the Los Angeles Palm Restaurant for failing to pay its waiters and busboys and other employees the minimum wage, split shift premiums, and overtime. Numerous other violations of the Labor Code and Industrial Welfare Commission Orders were alleged in the suit. It was also alleged that the management of the restaurant threatened and coerced employees in an effort to keep the employees from reporting the labor violations to the appropriate labor authorities. During the proceedings after a preliminary injunction had been issued, the Restaurant appealed the trial court's findings on the legality of the Labor Commissioner's search of business records, the power of the District Attorney's office to prosecute under the B and P Code (as opposed to a specific Labor Code provision making much of the conduct alleged criminal misdemeanors) and, the constitutionality of a Labor Code provision (Section 351) which prohibits the inclusion of tips in determining the proper minimum wage. In a published opinion *People v. Los Angeles Palm, Inc.* (1981) 121 Cal. App. 3d 25, the appellate court found against the Restaurant on all issues raised.

The total settlement was in the amount of \$297,000. \$200,000 represented back wages owed to employees over an approximate five year period. \$25,000 was paid in civil penalties; \$25,000 was paid to the State Division of Labor Standard Enforcement, Concentrated Enforcement Program for its investigating and auditing costs; and \$47,000 to the District Attorney's office for its legal and investigative costs.

Anthony T. Ross joined the law firm of Dawson & Ninnis. He continues to emphasize insurance defense litigation and worker's compensation defense.

Suzan Tanzman participated as a panelist for the Beverly Hills Bar Association, "Women in the Law". She has also given birth to a healthy baby boy while both her legs were in casts having broken her ankles prior to that.

Garrett Tewinkle is the recent past president of Exchange Club of Newport Harbor and Michigan State Alumni Association of Southern California.

1972 Class Correspondent

Paul D. Fritz
Archbald & Spray
3944 State Street
Santa Barbara, California
93105

Craig H. Edgecumbe was a 1981 panelist at a CEB presentation given in Southern California on "Introduction to Secured Real Property Transactions." Edgecumbe was published in the 1982 edition of "Who's Who in California." He is a partner with the law firm, Collins, Gleason & Kinney formerly Barrett, Stearns, Collins, Gleason & Kinney.

James W. Kellenberger has opened his own law office concentrating in personal injury, criminal defense and family law. Kellenberger is a pro tem judge, Superior Court, Juvenile Division.

Bruce P. Palumbo's firm recently incorporated and have moved their office into a building which they own.

Michael Schultz is licensed to practice law in California and Hawaii. Schultz practices law in Malibu.

John L. Ryan is presently with the Court of Appeal, Second Appellate District, a senior judicial attorney, following eight years in the trial and appellate divisions of the Los Angeles County Public Defender.

Michael V. Vollmer recently left Drummy, Garrett, King & Harrison to form a partnership under the name of Westover & Vollmer, concentrating primarily in estate planning, probate, trust administration and death taxation matters.

H. Andrew Wasmund has relocated his practice to Manhattan Beach, specializing in civil litigation with an emphasis in Federal Courts.

1973 Class

1974 Class Correspondent

Lane Quigley
Kregal and Trobin
611 South Shatto Place, 4th Floor
Los Angeles, California 90005

Gary M. Paul has been elected 3rd Vice President of the Board of Governors of the Los Angeles Trial Lawyers Associations.

1975 Class Correspondent

Maureen F. Wolfe
Larwill & Wolfe
800 West First Street
Los Angeles, California 90012

Suzanne Bedford-Person joined the Office of the District Attorney in 1977. Her assignments within the office have included the following: 2 years in central trials with emphasis on the prosecution of all major felonies, one year in the Sexual Crimes Units prosecuting crimes or sexual abuse involving highly traumatized victims and repeat offenders and presently the Appellate Division.

Gordon E. Bosserman is an associate in the law firm of Macdonald, Halsted & Laybourne. He practices primarily in the area of business litigation with an emphasis on lawyer malpractice defense. In addition to the State Bar, he is a member of the ABA, the Los Angeles County Bar Association, the Los Angeles Bar's Committee on Lawyer-Client Relations and Lawyer-Client Arbitrations, and the Real Estate Section.

A. Raymond Gere has been accepted as a Postulant for Holy Orders by the Episcopal Bishop of the Rio Grande and will enter Seabury-Western Theological Seminary in Evanston, Illinois this fall.

L. Hunter Sheldon Louins is working as a team with her colleague and husband, Amory Louins. They continue their usual schedule of international lecturing and consulting, including a Paris trip for the first ever national symposium on the future of French nuclear power. In addition, Louins co-authored two books; "Least Cost Energy-Solving the CO₂ Problem and Brittle Power-Energy Strategies for National Security." The latter is soon to be the subject of Congressional hearings.

Sharon L. Mason has recently been selected to serve on the San Fernando Valley Bar Association's delegation to the 1982 State Bar Convention.

Gail Bilberstein Melom is president of the American Immigration Lawyers Association, Southern California Chapter for 1981-82 and is on the executive committee of the Immigration Section of the Los Angeles County Bar Association. She authored the article "Why Immigration and Nationality Law Should Be Designated a Certified Specialty," published in the January-February 1982 *Immigration Journal*, and she spoke at the mid-winter conference of the American Immigration Lawyers Association in January 1982. Gail is married to Halvor S. Melom '76.

Loyola Lawyer

MAY/JUNE 1982

LOYOLA LAW SCHOOL

OCT 6 1982

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Legal Briefs

Edward M. Phelps joined the firm of Bright and Brown as a partner on March 1, 1982.

Edwin M. Todd received his Ph. D. in History from UCLA in June 1982. He published, with the University of Michigan, Microfilms Inc., a book entitled "The Neuroanatomy of Leonardo da Vinci."

1976 Class Correspondent

Mark E. Minyard
Daniels & Minyard
400 East Chapman
Orange, California 92666

Jerrold Britvan was a recent panelist for Real Property Remedies, CEB. Britvan practices with Finley, Kumble, Wagner, Underberg & Manley in Los Angeles.

Bruce A. Dybens is president of the Long Beach Barristers Club.

Neal T. Feinerman has moved from Beverly Hills to Bellevue, Washington, a suburb of Seattle.

Robert S. Florey was appointed adjunct professor of Contracts for the Peoples College of Law in February 1982.

Al Jenkins is a deputy district attorney prosecuting felony crime cases in Superior Court. Two recent cases are *P v Clerow (Flip) Wilson*; narco pass and *P v Ike Turner*; ADW on newspaper delivery man. He is chairman of a State Bar standing Committee (legal services to persons with special needs) and does volunteer bar exam tutorials for minority law students.

Stephen W. Johnson recently opened his own law office at the First Bank Building Law Center, Suite A, 1135 Osas St., San Luis Obispo, specializing in personal injury, real property and business litigation.

William P. Kanno is a member of Alpha Sigma Nu (National Jesuit Honor Society); the American, California and Los Angeles Bar Associations and is a partner with the law firm of Clinnin, Siracuse & Belcher, engaged in product liability defense litigation.

Eli M. Kantor was a trial attorney with Region 21 of the NLRB from 1976-80. He then, opened his own law practice, in Beverly Hills, specializing in labor relations law. In addition, he is an adjunct professor of Labor Law at the University of West Los Angeles School of Law and at the San Fernando Valley College School of Law.

Thomas Keiser has been elected Mayor of El Monte, the first directly elected mayor in that City's history. Keiser has completed his second four-year term as councilman. Keiser was first elected to the City Council in 1974 while a first-year student at Loyola.

Stephen E. Mattachione has been assigned to the National Office of Price — Waterhouse in New York City. His area of emphasis will be international taxation. He recently became a member of the Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

Mark Sauers has an active solo practice in criminal defense, personal injury, and real estate. He participates in the local National Lawyers Guild chapter supporting community groups opposed to the Zimmer Nuclear Power Plant and Pro Seniors, Inc. an organization that provides legal representation for the aged.

Mary L. Sprouse — recently joined Alan Fields & Associates as general counsel after two years in private practice. Her book, "How to Survive a Tax Audit," was published by Doubleday in January 1981 and came out in paperback by Penguin in February. Sprouse is making a West Coast author tour in early March.

Victor O. Tufford is house counsel to a publicly held national residential community developer headquartered in San Diego.

John Voightsberger is the 1982 president of the Ventura County Criminal Defense Bar Association and past member of the Board of Directors of the Ventura County Trial Lawyers' Association.

1977 Class

1978 Class Correspondent

Charles L. Crouch, III
Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker
555 South Flower Street
Los Angeles, California 90071

1979 Class Correspondent

Alan C. Bail
California Department of Justice
Office of Attorney General
3580 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, California 90010

Loyola Lawyer

Loyola Law School
1441 West Olympic Blvd.
P.O. Box 15019
Los Angeles, California 90015-3980

May/June 1982

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