4-1-1998

The Loyola Reporter

Loyola Law School Los Angeles

Repository Citation

http://digitalcommons.lmu.edu/loyola_reporter/92

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the Law School Publications at Digital Commons @ Loyola Marymount University and Loyola Law School. It has been accepted for inclusion in The Loyola Reporter by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons @ Loyola Marymount University and Loyola Law School. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@lmu.edu.
**ATTORNEY GENERAL CANDIDATE: STATE SENATOR CHARLES CALDERON**

**BY JAVIER AGUIRRE**

This year will be an exciting and closely watched election for California. A new governor will be elected, as well as a new lieutenant governor and state attorney general. While candidates spend millions of dollars during their campaigns, the final decision will be left to the voters of California.

For Democrats in California, this year will be an opportunity to win back the offices of governor and state attorney general. As the June 2 primary nears, California will choose from a selection of qualified candidates. This year’s candidates include state and local politicians, lawyers, and business people.

For Senator Charles Calderon of Los Angeles, the position of State Attorney General can be a reality come November. As State Attorney General he will have the responsibility of enforcing the laws of California and implementing anti-crime legislation. He will hold one of the most powerful positions in California, second only to the post of Governor.

State Senator Charles Calderon, a 47-year old legislator representing the eastern portion of Los Angeles County, worked as a prosecutor for three years in the Los Angeles City Attorney’s office. “I know what it takes to make good on promises, to be tough on crime, and to put dangerous criminals behind bars. As a prosecutor, I tried nearly 100 cases and earned a 90 percent conviction rate prosecuting wife beaters, child abusers, drug dealers, vandals and drunk drivers,” Calderon said. He is the first Latino to run for Attorney General in California history.

In 1982, Calderon ran and won a seat in the California Assembly where he served with distinction for eight years. In 1990, Calderon was elected to the state Senate. Two years ago, the Senate elected him as Majority Leader. For the first time since California became a state, the Senate elected a Latino as Majority Leader. His years in the Legislature have been characterized by a strong, consistent set of beliefs developed on the streets of East Los Angeles, in the California

CALDERON: page 2
Is Custom Music A Reality At Last?

By BILL COLITRE

After months of delays, the latest attempt to bring custom music compilations to consumers became a reality when it debuted on the internet last week. The company behind this new service is Custom Revolutions Inc., a Stamford, Connecticut firm founded by Nicholas Duryea, who has created a website featuring an online library of over 1000 selections from a wide variety of genres. Buyers can now browse this library, hear Real Audio clips, and select up to 70 minutes of music to include on their own personalized CD. The resulting compilation, costing about a dollar a song plus $7.99 setup fee is then burned onto a CD within 15 minutes, packaged in the buyer's choice of artwork and shipped the same day.

Yet to be seen is whether consumers will respond at this seemingly steep price point. If seventeen four-minute songs were selected, for example, the resulting CD would run about $25.00. On the other hand, a 10 song collection might come in at only $18.00--not far from the $16.00 retail of most popular new releases. Many may see the trade-off as enticing: what's an extra two bucks to be assured that every track will be a personal hit? Besides, if even two of the songs you want would otherwise only be available with a whole CD's, your be paying twice the retail just to hear them both. This, of course, is exactly what the record companies fear. In industry parlance the term for this is "cherry-picking". If consumers are free to select only the track that motivates them to buy, there is no incentive for them to purchase the full CD with the other nine or so tracks the buyer may not care about. By allowing this level of selectivity, both labels and artists stand to lose the royalties associated with those other nine songs. And since artists and labels control the licenses, Custom Revolutions faces an uphill battle to fill their library with hit music. Two previous custom compilation ventures failed for exactly this reason. Some may remember the kiosks that once sold custom cassette tapes in Tower Records and similar situations. Another recent failure based on the CD format never even made it off the launching pad.

Coming to the rescue are the armies of independent record labels that have sprung up over the last decade, hungry for market share, and eager to circumvent the major label distribution machines. Many of these labels have grown up using the World Wide Web as a marketing tool, and for them this would seem a natural progression. In addition, many such labels already depend on singles as their main source of income, and are not deterred by the threat of cherry-picking. For them, Custom Disc is the democratization of the music business. If the music is good, it'll sell--and to hell with MTV!

CALDERON: from 1 public schools, and as a young prosecutor.

As a legislator, Calderon has compiled an outstanding record, including many innovative anti-crime laws. Calderon's Drug Dealer Liability Act holds dealers financially responsible for the harm caused by their products. Another Calderon bill put an end to gang activity by making it easier for prosecutors to seize gang members' financial assets. Calderon also wrote legislation to expand the death penalty to include those who kill a child in a gang-related shooting.

Calderon's innovative sex offender legislation--it provides for conviction of sex offenders to call in daily so their whereabouts can be tracked by law enforcement agencies at all times.

Senator Calderon also authored major crime laws. In the Assembly, his Toughened Court Practices in Sexual Assault provides that evidence of prior acts may be admitted in specific sexual assault cases to disprove the assertion that the victim consented to the act. As Senator, Calderon authored the Expelled Organized Crime Law to Seize Gang Profits which allows law enforcement agencies the right to seize the assets of criminal street gangs under the California Control of Profits from Organized Crime Act. This year, Calderon is authoring legislation that provides school bond funds to improve school safety, funds for at-risk youth early intervention programs, and legislation to reform the juvenile justice system and the jury system.

"My approach to public safety has always been direct. If you do the crime, you should do the time. If you take a right, you should lose your rights. And, without question—if you take a life, you should lose your own."

Calderon said when he announced his candidacy in Sacramento and Los Angeles on March 3. Calderon also added that, "As Attorney General, I will combine my experience as a parent, a school board member, a prosecutor and a lawmaker to make California a place where children no longer wake to the sounds of gunfire, where the children are not afraid to leave their homes at night, and where parents no longer agonize when they watch their children go out to play."

Calderon attended Montebello public schools and received his B.A. in Political Science from California State University, Los Angeles and his J.D. from the University of California. He has been practicing law for 22 years.
national thousand dollars in
experience generally brings sev-

eral years or more, with a median for

Angeles might earn in excess of

$80,000, the median salary for a

new associate in Phoenix,

Arizona was $55,000.

The survey also reports the

aggregate compensation and

bonus systems at participating

firms. Aggregate compensation

includes bonuses in addition to

base pay. For first-year associ-

ates, aggregate compensation

ranged from $30,000 to $91,300

nationwide. Among the find-

ings regarding bonus systems—

the majority of firms (38.4%) use a

discretionary basis as one means of
determining eligibility for

bonuses. Three-quarters of firms of

2-10 attorneys do so, just under
two-thirds of firms of 11-30

attorneys determine eligibili-

ty on a discretionary basis.

About one-third of firms deter-

mine eligibility based on meet-

ing fixed goals. Bonus amounts

were based on various factors,

the most common of which were

merit/performance (61.7% of

offices offering associates

bonuses), discretion (46.5%),

and billable hours (43.1%).

The detailed results of the

survey, including medians, aver-

ages and ranges of base salaries

for associates through the eighth

year, aggregate compensation

for associates, and comparisons of

compensation structures, have

been published in the 1997

Associate Salary Survey Annual

Report on Compensation. The

report is available in the office of
career services.

| 1997 Associate Salary Survey National Summary Chart |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIRM SIZE</th>
<th>(number of attorneys)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associate Year</td>
<td>All sizes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First</td>
<td>63,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>65,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>69,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth</td>
<td>73,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fifth</td>
<td>78,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sixth</td>
<td>84,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seventh</td>
<td>90,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eighth</td>
<td>95,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First-year Summer</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second-year Summer</td>
<td>1,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third-year Summer</td>
<td>1,225</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Figure in parentheses following each median is the number of offices reporting. Asterisks indicate fewer than 5 firms reporting.

"We have a criminal jury system which is superior to any in the world, and its efficiency is only marred by the difficulty of finding twelve men every day who don't know anything and can't read."

Mark Twain
FLEMING'S FUNDAMENTALS OF LAW
Don't Miss...
The Legal Exam Writing Workshop

14 Reasons Why You Must Attend...
✓ Learn How to Improve Your Grades from a Recognized Expert-Professor Jeff A. Fleming
✓ Learn Effective Exam Problem-Solving Techniques
✓ Learn the Difference Between Essay and Multistate Strategy
✓ Learn the Difference Between the A, B, and C Essay
✓ Learn In-Depth Issue Spotting Methods
✓ Learn the Difference Between Major and Minor Issues
✓ Learn Comprehensive Outlining/Organizational Strategies

✓ Learn How to Properly Interpret Calls of Questions
✓ Learn How to Develop Successful Legal Arguments (Fact to Element Analysis)
✓ Learn How to Use Public Policy Analysis
✓ Learn the Relationship Between the Casebook and Legal Exams
✓ Learn How to Get the Most Out of Class and Study Time
✓ Learn How to Write the Superior Answer

Schedule of Seminars

SANTA CLARA
• Saturday, February 14, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• Sunday, February 15, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at the Days Inn, Great America, 4200 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, in the Carmel Room.

SAN DIEGO
• Saturday, February 21, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• Sunday, February 22, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at Days Inn Carlsbad, 5219 Carlsbad Blvd, Carlsbad, Room 207.

ORANGE COUNTY
• Saturday, February 28, 1998: 9:00 am-12:30 pm, 1:30 pm-4:00 pm
• Sunday, March 1, 1998: 9:00 am-12:30 pm, 1:30 pm-4:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at California Southern School of Law, 3775 Elizabeth St., Riverside, Room number 107.

VENTURA
• Saturday, March 14, 1998: 10:00 am-4:00 pm
• Sunday, March 15, 1998: 10:00 am-4:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at the Ramada Hotel, 6193 Bristol Parkway, Ventura, Room 4. VIDEO PRESENTATION.

FRESNO
• Saturday, March 14, 1998: 9:00 am-3:00 pm
• Sunday, March 15, 1998: 9:00 am-3:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at Western School of Law, 701 Cedar St., San Diego.

RIVERSIDE
• Saturday, March 21, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• Sunday, March 22, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at Hope International University, 6333 Bristol Parkway, Culver City, in the Projection Room.

SACRAMENTO
• Saturday, March 14, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• Sunday, March 15, 1998: Noon-6:00 pm
• All sessions will be given live at the Days Inn, Great America, 4200 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, in the Carmel Room.

Pre-Registration Guarantees
Space & Workbook
Registration at Door (If Space Available) $160.00

$150.00 per person • $125.00 Group Rate
(Group Rate available to groups of 5 who register together at least one week before the desired seminar)

Students who pre-register for the Writing Course and June 1998 Baby Bar Review (575 Deposit Required) will be given a $30 Discount Off the Regular Writing Course Price.

Registration Form

Name ____________________________
Address ____________________________
City ____________________________ State ______ Zip _______
Telephone ____________________________
Law School ____________________________
Number of Semester in Which Currently Enrolled ____________________________
Graduation Date _____________
Workshop Location/Date to be Attended ____________________________

Form of Payment: □ Check □ Money Order □ Made Payable in Facility's Endorsed By Law
□ MasterCard □ Visa □ Discover

Credit Card No. ____________________________ Expiration Date _____________
Driver's License No. ____________________________ Signature ____________________________ Date _____________

FLEMING'S FUNDAMENTALS OF LAW
2130 Los Altos Blvd., Suite 240, Westlake Village, California 91361
California Toll Free: 1 (800) LAW EXAM 714/770-7030 Fax: 714/454-8556
Professor Allan Ides, a former tenured professor at Loyola, has returned to Loyola after seven years of teaching at Washington and Lee University in Lexington, Virginia. Married with two sons who have graduated from college, and a daughter who was recently the lead scorer in the high school girls basketball finals. He now resides in Brea and commutes to school by train.

Ides graduated from Loyola Law School in 1979 as second in his class, Summa Cum Laude. He was Editor-in-Chief of the Law Review and received honors in his Con Law, Crim Pro, Future Interests, Property, and Secured Transaction in Personal Property classes. After finishing law school, he clerked first in the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals, then in the Supreme Court for the Honorable Byron White. After a brief experience, he and a large firm, he took the opportunity to teach at his former law school. He originally taught at Loyola as an associate professor in 1982 through 1985 and became part of the tenure staff in 1985 during which time he served as an Associate Dean. He left for Virginia in 1989.

Returning to Loyola in 1997, Professor Ides currently teaches Con Law II, Civil Procedure and the Con Law Seminar. Next year he expects to teach Civil Pro, Crim Pro, Con Law I and the Legal Process class. Professor Ides routinely sits in his office with the door open, creating an inviting and comfortable environment for students, many of which periodically popped their heads in during this interview. With his laid back demeanor and provocative teaching style, he produces a uniquely engaging and informative classroom experience.

**Question:** Did you have a favorite class while you were a student at Loyola?

**Answer:** Two favorite classes. Civil Procedure and Property.

**Q:** Who was your favorite professor and why? I was Chris May and Bill Coskran. Because they were both incredibly good teachers and dedicated to the students in the classroom and out of the classroom.

**Q:** Would you say that they influenced you to be a professor?

**A:** Definitely.

**Q:** Which clerking experience did you enjoy more, the 4th Circuit or the Supreme Court?

**A:** I enjoyed them both. The 4th Circuit was a less formal experience because you were in a small town, with two clerks working with one judge. We had daily interaction with him. I would say that clerking with the Supreme Court was probably more interesting.

**Q:** Do you have any specific impressions from working with the Supreme Court?

**A:** I was impressed with how hard my justice, Justice White worked and how seriously he took his job. I was impressed with some of the clerks from the so-called major law schools. I thought that the education I got at Loyola was much better than the education that the students were getting at the ivy league schools. I think that this was a reflection of the teachers at Loyola. The Harvard and Yale students were very bright, but I don't think that they were as well prepared as Loyola students.

**Q:** If you could change anything about the opinion writing process of the Supreme Court what would you change?

**A:** In my chambers, the Justice took a more active role in writing opinions than in some other chambers. I think that is the way it ought to be. I think the clerk should be there to help the justice. Whenever a clerk has too much authority over an opinion, I think it is a bad thing. I think it would be healthy if there were fewer clerks.

**Q:** Who do you most admire on the Court right now?

**A:** Justice Stevens. I think he is very intelligent, creative, sometimes a bit of a maverick and unpredictable representing the defendant. I was appointed by the 9th circuit and then appointed by the Supreme Court to argue the case. [Students will remember this case from our Evidence text as United States v. Owens, 108 S.Ct. 836 (1988)].

**Q:** What was the first class you taught at Loyola?

**A:** My first class was as an adjunct. A Survey of the Constitutional Law, anything to do with it... with Civil Procedure actually being part and parcel of Con Law.

**Q:** Do you have a favorite day in teaching that sticks out for you?

**A:** I have a most memorable day in teaching. It was the first day that my classes were visited by tenured faculty members, my first year of teaching. Some of my students hired a stripper to come to my class.

**Q:** How did that go over with the tenured professors?

**A:** One of them thought it was hilarious because I was very embarrassed and turned bright red. The other was a very traditional Catholic conservative, but it ended up being in my favor because he felt very bad for me. He was a little embarrassed.

**Q:** Without naming names, is there a student that sticks out in your mind for better or for worse?

**A:** Most troublesome student I ever had was Dave Burkham. (Crim Pro. during Ides first year teaching). But he has improved considerably since then.

**Q:** Has the administration changed over the years? Not necessarily taking into consideration the personalities involved, which obviously change?

**A:** But the personalities have a tremendous impact on it, and changes a lot. The administrative staff in the time I was a student until now, is a different world. And we have probably been through a couple different worlds in between.

**Q:** Would you like to be a part of the administration again?

**A:** I think that has been a reflection of the teachers at Loyola. The Harvard and Yale students were very bright, but I don't think that they were as well prepared as Loyola students.

**Q:** Why did you leave Los Angeles to go to Washington and Lee in the first place?

**A:** I got tired of the crowds and the traffic, and I wanted to try something different.

**Q:** Why did you come back to Los Angeles?

**A:** I missed the crowds, the traffic...

**IDES:** page 10

*"A teacher affects eternity; he can never tell where his influence stops."

Henry B. Adams*
Law School

You Might be a Law Student If:

1. If you average 3 hours of sleep a night.
2. If you trash is overflowing and your bank account isn't.
3. If you wake up 10 minutes before class.
4. If you wear the same jeans 13 days in a row -- without washing them.
5. If your breakfast consists of a coke on the way to class.
6. If you carry less than a dollar on your person.
7. If your dinner consists of a meal than mail.
8. If you laugh at jokes about judges.
9. If you refer to events in your past and use the words "As I then was.".
10. If you can't remember how to think for yourself.
11. If you take your class notes on a laptop computer.
12. If you know the difference between a tort and a torte.
13. If you refer to events in your past and use the words "As I then was."
14. If you can't remember how to think for yourself.
15. If you chuckle whenever anyone says "ex turpi causa."
16. If you wrote the same jeans 13 days in a row -- without washing them.
17. If, when you look in a mirror, you see a law student.
18. If it is sunny and 40 degrees outside, and you are working on a Legal Research assignment.
19. If you out name is "Counselor," let's do it in chambers.
20. If you have a pet named Marbury (from Marbury v. Madison).
21. If you laugh at jokes about judges.
22. If you can't remember what's behind the door in the law school which says "Exit."
23. If you have to bring a jacket with you, in the middle of summer, because there's a wind chill factor in the classrooms and the library.
24. If you've just asked for your fifth extension your Sports Law paper.
25. If you frequently converse in "legalese."
26. If you are completely addicted to caffeine.
27. If you consider ANY non law course "easy."
28. If you preface your answers in class with, "I haven't read the case but..."
29. If you understood more than five of these indicators.
30. If you make a copy of this list, and post it on your door.

Then You Might be a Law Student

Top 10 Law Quotes that Sound Dirty but Aren't...

1. Have you looked through her briefs?
2. He is one hard judge!
3. Counselor, let's do it in chambers.
4. His attorney withdrew last minute.
5. Is it a penal offense?
6. Better leave the headlines on.
7. For $200 an hour, she better be good!
8. Can you get him to drop his suit?
9. I didn't want to postpone it because I could have ended up with a bench warrant at the worst possible time.
10. I was called for a huge panel, People v. Zapata.

Jury Duty: The R

BY JEANNE COLLACHIA

The questionnaire came early fall semester when we were deep into 2-207 land. "Would serving on a jury prove a financial hardship for you?" "Yes, indeed it would. I am in first year law school. It's costing over twenty thousand dollars, and if I lose any time I will flunk." The summons to appear on February 25, 1997 arrived during Christmas break. I postponed my obligations until said: When summer most of my closest friends don't know. I have been a victim of a kidnapping, rape and attempted murder. I come as close as you can to

WE WANT YOUR IDEAS!

Help us to make this newspaper one that serves the Loyola Law Student community. Please send us any suggestions or ideas about how to make this paper more interesting to you, the law student.

1L QUESTION OF THE MONTH

If you were Hilary Clinton, what would be your first thoughts when you learned the Paula Jones case was dismissed?

Anana Rice

"Relief for my husband and closure so that we can move on with our duties and our lives."

Milton Fajardo

"Damn, I'm unstoppable."

Missy Choi

"I would be happy because issues regarding private matters should not surface for public view."

Jorje Chica

"It's good to be the King."

Picture of

From 1929 to 1933, Loyola Law School was the 5th floor of the Byrne Building. (On the..."


Relativity of Eternity

The man accused of the crime, Mr. Miguel Zapata, sat looking bright, shiny, and vulnerable in his white prison garb: a starched white shirt, silk vest and tie. The judge told me, "Tell me what's going on." I answered the judge, "I had a solid case, I would want me, my case were like white cheese, you'd kick me off the jury."

"Now beam yourself into Mr. Zapata's skin," I thought, "I would want me. I'm the softest target you can get."

The huge panel had loads of questions. Judge Kamins answered all the questions with candor and compassion. Juror #1, the lawyer sitting next to me said, "OK, law student, there are no attorneys here anymore. Tell me what's going on."

If his friends were worried about the baby, presumably Zapata's child, they would be at risk. In all probability, he/she would already be a gang member.

In probability, he/she would already be a member of a gang. In addition to normal execution, the woman's name will be published in the local paper. The man does not receive any punishment.

A Sawtelle gang had been misinformed that a young man was in a courtroom. Zapata sat dabbing the smell of garlic, onions, or sardines on his breath in an attempt to mask his body odor.

In Kentucky, "No female shall be taken to jail according to the law of nature it must be raining someplace in our jurisdiction."

In Lubbock, Texas, it is illegal for anyone to give lighted cigarettes to dogs, cats, and other domesticated animals kept as pets.

In Carmel, N.Y., a man can't go outside while wearing a jacket and pants that do not match.

In St. Louis, it's illegal to sit on the curb of any city street and drink beer from a budlight.

In Oxfrod, Ohio, it's illegal for a woman to strip off her clothing while standing in front of a man's picture.

In Nigeria, it is illegal to have sex with a truck driver inside a tool box.

The owner of every hotel in Hastings, Nebraska, required to provide each guest with a clean and pressed nightshirt. No couple, even if they are married, may sleep together in the nude. No may or may have sex unless they are wearing one of these clean, white cotton nightshirts.

A state law in Illinois mandates that all bachelors should be called master, not mister, when addressed by their female counterparts.

Any couple making out inside a vehicle, and accidently sounding the horn during their lovefest, may be taken to jail according to a Liberty Corner, New Jersey law.

In Merryville, Missouri, women are prohibited from wearing corsets because "The privilege of admiring the male body of a young woman without a permit."

Women are prohibited from wearing corsets because "The privilege of admiring the male body of a young woman without a permit."

In Nevada sex without a condom is considered illegal.

In Nebraska, it is illegal to make love on the floor between the beds! A Sawtelle gang had been misinformed that a young man was in a courtroom. Zapata sat dabbing the smell of garlic, onions, or sardines on his breath in an attempt to mask his body odor.

In Nevada sex without a condom is considered illegal.

In Nebraska, it is illegal to make love on the floor between the beds! A Sawtelle gang had been misinformed that a young man was in a courtroom. Zapata sat dabbing the smell of garlic, onions, or sardines on his breath in an attempt to mask his body odor.
**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR**

**About Stan Goldman**

Dear Editor:

In response to the interview with Camera Stan Goldman I have this to say. Professor Goldman stated that he researches his first year class carefully before deciding who he is going to call upon. Firstly, I question the depth of information the law school has on file that they are able to determine who will have a heart attack and who will not. I certainly don't recall taking a psychiatric evaluation at any time.

Secondly, I am disgusted that Professor Goldman has the gall to make the comment about transferring to Southwestern to a student. I am even more horrified that he repeats it like some fantastic war story. Congratulations Professor on your acerbic wit. You truly are a David taking on the world. Which is the first year, first semester law student.

Finally, to paraphrase Shakespeare we know so little of: "Let me have men about me that are fat. Sleek-headed men and such as sleep at nights. Yon Goldman has a lean and hungry look. He speaks too much, such men are dangerous."

Nigel Burns Loyola Student

**Stan the Man**

Dear Editor:

Thanks to Golarchi Hamid's provocative interview with Stan Goldman last month, our Criminal Procedure class last Wednesday night became almost, "literary."

During the interview, Professor Goldman called himself a "kramudjen" (or is that curmudgeon?) and said he was disappointed law students don't understand his literary allusions in class. Prominently mentioned was some guy named Shakespeare.

So class began and a student volunteered to describe the first case. (Note that after first year, all students know that the general rule is to volunteer BEFORE one is subject to random selection by the teacher. This cuts way down on those nasty heart attacks.) To everyone's surprise, the poor defendant was suffering in the "winter of his discontent." Other than that, Professor Goldman, for prodding your students to strut their literary stuff, and incidently in the process, it made the class a lot of fun.

Mary Reed Second-Year Student

---

**THE FUTURE OF ENTERTAINMENT LAW AT LOYOLA**

**BY THE LOYOLA REPORTER**

There are many rumors floating around the Law School at the moment concerning the Entertainment law faculty position that is currently due to the departure of Professor Lon Sobel.

One of the rumors maintains that in December the faculty decided to hire a professor from another field of law instead of finding a replacement for the empty Entertainment law position. In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor.

In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor. In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor.

In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor.

In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor.

In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor.

In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor.

In effect, giving away Professor Sobel's salary and thus making it financially impossible to hire a new Entertainment law professor. Below is a copy of a letter to Dean Levenson from Joel Goldstein, on behalf of the Entertainment law faculty. This letter outlines the issues surrounding the controversy and provides an understanding of why many of the law school feels this issue deserves the school's full attention.

In addition, listed on the next page is a copy of the questions submitted to Associate Dean Levenson and her responses.

---

**Letter to Associate Dean Levenson**

**FROM JOEL GOLDSSTEIN**

Dear Dean Levenson:

Thank you for attending a recent meeting of the Entertainment Division SBA. We were quite relieved to hear you confirm that Loyola is committed to a full-time, tenured faculty position whose sole focus is entertainment law. As you know, many Loyola students have expressed very serious concerns regarding a faculty replacement for Professor Lon Sobel.

I understand that the Loyola faculty has nonetheless recently decided not to replace Professor Sobel, at least for the time being, with an entertainment professor. As you have explained, of course, the recent vote on this issue is not the final word. In any event, to the extent that (i) there is ongoing discussion among the faculty on how to resolve this issue, and (ii) Loyola acknowledges that student concerns impede alumni involvement, Loyola's continued reputation and the Law School's future enrollment, the Evening Division SBA has asked that I submit this letter to assist Loyola in considering the issue.

The recent Column One article in the Sunday edition of the Los Angeles Times, dated January 18, 1998, reports that the entertainment industry "now outfits defense and aerospace in number of jobs" and "is the engine helping to power the Southland's rebound."

The article goes on to describe how employment in Southern California's entertainment industry has grown 87% in the past seven years and that thousands of lawyers service the industry, many through their own bulletins and catalogs brag about the fact that the Law School is located in the "entertainment capital of the world." From both a marketing perspective and an educational perspective, these are not realities that Loyola can ignore with impunity.

Certainly, it cannot escape Loyola's attention that all the other major law schools in the Los Angeles basin have significant offerings in the areas of entertainment law and, if not just referring to UCLA and USC, Southwestern, for example, has dedicated its third annual entertainment law program this summer. Pepperdine and even Whittier have entertainment programs, some of whose very capable students are hired as interns in my office at HBO. A visit to Loyola's Admissions Office will surely reveal statistics that plainly describe what an important field entertainment law is to many of Loyola's prospective students. Thus, from the purely mercurial perspective of continuing to attract high-quality students to Loyola, I respectfully submit that any delay by the Law School in hiring an entertainment law professor is a delay that will hurt Loyola where it hurts the most.

Contrary to common immendo, entertainment law is not about which actor is having a temper tantrum this week. Entertainment law delves into some very substantive and controversial areas of law. Entertainment law has given birth to intriguing and important cases in copyright law. Entertainment law comprises defamation, along with its intricate Constitutional implications. The rights of privacy and publicity, something all citizens should be aware of, are encompassed within entertainment law. The Lanham Act, trademark, and unfair competition are also part and parcel of a complete approach to entertainment law. In short, it is not difficult to figure out what an entertainment lawyer does all day besides handle tempestuous actors. Thus, in the name of a comprehensive education, we urge Loyola to provide its students with at least one full-time faculty member who is devoted to entertainment law, and it is incumbent upon Loyola to do so soon.

Finally, to paraphrase Shakespeare we know so little of: "Let me have men about me that are fat. Sleek-headed men and such as sleep at nights. Yon Goldman has a lean and hungry look. He speaks too much, such men are dangerous."

In an effort to find the parcel of a complete approach to entertainment law, and in short, to continue to distinguish itself from the other local law schools, Loyola's students deserve an entertainment faculty member who is committed to an entertainment program. Not short of a bête fonide entertainment professional with proven legal teaching experience and substantive contacts within the entertainment industry will do educational justice to Loyola's need.

Loyola's promotional materials reveal how many Loyola alumni are counting among today's successful entertainment lawyers and executives. Loyola's entertainment alumni will, of course, be interested in the developments at the Law School. If the faculty's current decision is not modified quickly, I hope I'm not the one.

Joel Goldstein Associate Dean Levenson

---

**ADVERTISE ABOUT YOUR ORGANIZATION**

The Loyola Reporter

We reach 95% of the Law school population every month!

Rains 122 (213) 736-8117

---

*School is like a lollipop. It sucks until it is gone.*

Ashley Salvati

---

*THE LOYOLA REPORTER* Volume 21, Number 4; April 1, 1998

---

**GOLDSSTEIN:** page 9
Questions Submitted by The Loyola Reporter

1. When did the school first become aware of the empty Entertainment law position?

2. What is the process for hiring new faculty members?

3. How was the decision reached at the December faculty meeting not to replace Professor Sobel with a full-time Entertainment law professor?

4. If a new full-time professor was hired, is there still a space and money available for an Entertainment law professor at Loyola?

5. Considering Loyola's reputation for academic quality and the financial premium students pay to take advantage of that quality, what immediate efforts Loyola Law School will assist that faculty and administration to act expeditiously to remedy the situation.

Loyola Law School has had and will continue to have a strong commitment to the Entertainment Law field. For the last sixteen years, we have been blessed to have Professor Lon Sobel on our faculty. As many of you know, Professor Sobel is one of the nation's foremost authorities in copyright and intellectual property issues. Professor Sobel has been on leave for the last two years. In his place, we have used the service of outstanding visiting and adjunct professors, including Professors Jay Dougherty and Robert Rotstein.

Faculty hiring for new positions occurs in December. An Appointments Committee of faculty members is involved in the initial screening process. It is not uncommon for the law school to screen over 1,000 applications for the few teaching slots that may be open. The Appointments Committee works very hard in reviewing the credentials of interested applicants and inviting the finest candidates back to the law school for a day of interviewing with faculty and students. Time is reserved for students to meet with all applicants. Additionally, the committee gladly receives any letters by interested students regarding the candidates. It was a disappointment that students this year did not choose to meet with our candidates, nor did they submit any letters for the faculty's consideration.

After a full-day faculty meeting, the faculty selected three outstanding new hires for next year. They are: Professor Allan Ides, Professor Richard Hasen, and Professor Rhonda Reeves. The Dean's office also extended an offer to Professor Jay Dougherty to return next year as a Visiting Professor for Entertainment Law. We are delighted that he has accepted our offer.

It is the Law School's intention to hire the best qualified Entertainment Law professor as soon as possible. Hopefully, that will be next year. Until then, however, the Law School remains committed to its outstanding Entertainment Law program. There will be no diminution in the number or quality of classes offered in the field. In fact, next year we have added some new courses. The entertainment law curriculum will include: Copyright Law, Advanced Copyright Law, Ethics in Entertainment Law, Art Law, Motion Picture Finance & Production, Sports Law, Labor Relations in the Entertainment Industry, and the Entertainment Law Practicum and seminar. This is the greatest number of courses offered in the field since Loyola Law School began its program.

We appreciate our students' interest in this field and we are committed to providing the best education and opportunities possible. We hope that students next year will take advantage of the opportunity to provide input on appointment applicants, including applicants for a position in Entertainment & Intellectual Property Law.

THE LENDER THAT HELPS YOU BRING ORDER TO ALL YOUR LAW SCHOOL FINANCING NEEDS.

Finding the right financing for law school doesn't have to be a trial. Not when you rely on Key Education Resources: We offer a full range of education financing products, including our LawAchiever Loan, making it easier for you to earn your degree. Call us to apply today.

Advertise in The Loyola Reporter

Call (213) 736-8117
Q: Dear Mr. Smart Guy, you seem to know what’s going on. Do you have any suggestions about Summer Study Abroad programs? If you do, is it too late? I don’t have enough time to research this question.

A: I’m glad that you asked. I have some information, and it’s not too late. My basic recommendations are to check out the study abroad programs in Asia, and if you can swing it financially, do it. If you can’t swing it financially, see the Financial Aid Office about getting your loans covered, because you’re probably going to summer school anyway and you might as well enjoy yourself. If you’re not going to summer school, you’re probably going on vacation somewhere. Why not kill two birds with one tuition payment?

A wonderfully practical reason for studying in Asia is the current opportunities available over there. Professor Frank Lee King has not jokingly commented that it is easier for new American attorneys to get jobs in East Asia than it is for them to go home. And there is no time like the present to get networking and see about yourself what’s over there.

There are many ABA approved study abroad programs, including Temple, Santa Clara, Duqueen, Indiana, Syracuse, and Loyola (New Orleans). The locations of the programs are generally in China or Japan, but Santa Clara also offers programs in Hong Kong, Korea, Malaysia, Singapore, and Vietnam. The actual course offerings are too varied to mention here, consult your choice’s listings for more information.

Networking opportunities are also abundant and widespread in Asia. Networking was invented by Confucius over 2000 years ago, and so a traditional guanxi is still the way that most things get done in East Asia. People will want to meet you, and they will remember you. This can be handy when you start your job hunt. You can network by itself having some business cards printed here with your name and addresses (temporarily

IDE: from 5
Q: Do you have any advice for law school students?
A: I think that it is important to approach school seriously but at the same time not to take it too seriously but at the same time not to take it too seriously, but at the same time not to take it too seriously, but at the same time not to take it too seriously.

Q: Do you have any advice for YOUR students?
A: My advice to my students is to work extremely hard and play, enjoy yourself. If you’re not enjoying yourself, you might as well not be in law school.

Q: Do you have any advice for your advice?
A: I will be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in ten years.

Q: Do you have any regrets, meaning would you do it exactly the same?
A: No regrets, I am where I wanted to be. I would have liked to have worked longer in private practice, but it became difficult at that time and an opportunity came up for me and I took it.

Q: Assuming Paula Jones will appeal, do you think her case will go anywhere?
A: From what I’ve seen and what I haven’t looked at it very closely, the judge was correct on entering the Summary Judgment.

Q: What impact do you think the Summary Judgment will have on the Ken Starr investigation?
A: I don’t think it has a technical legal impact. But, I think it may have an impact in terms of political pressure for him to wind things up.

Q: Do you think the Ken Starr Investigation will have an impact on the independent counsel statute which came about during the Nixon years?
A: I think that the way he handled the investigations will have some fall-out and it will make it more difficult for Congress to pass another independent counsel law.

Q: Where do you see yourself in five years? Do you intend to stay there?
A: Yes, but I have no idea. I intended to stay in Virginia, but I came here.

Q: How about in ten years?
A: I will be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court (he laughed). Well, I suppose I will be sitting in this same chair.
CROSSWORD Puzzles Created by Richard Silvestri

Edited by Stan Chess

ACROSS
1 Monkeyshines
6 Hesitation
11 Bothers
14 Dominance
15 Bush-league
16 Over-permissive
17 'Wtf' did Fitzgerald sing 'mi; Holmes?
18 Mr. Adams and (SOs show)
20 Gives the once-over
21 Villagers
23 Slum problem
25 Nuts
26 Workout spot
29 Jersey bouncers?
31 Zoo attractions
34 Feel lousy
35 Stretched out loosely
37 Alcohol bumer
38 Featured
40 Friday
41 Imposing
group
42 No plus ultra
43 Go back to page one
44 Lines
46 Pre-election event
48 Portal scheme
e.g.
49 Hold on Tight
50 I Still See "Call Your Wagon"
tune
51 Bird or butterfly
52 Speaker of diamond lane
54 Holds in check
57 Different
60 Cabinet display
16 Is in the style of a
designer
58 Humorist
59 Bird or butterfly
62 Maximal master
63 Artificial fabric component
65 Star in Cygnus
66 Raise for aphids
67 Petrify oneself
68 Pieces of eight?
69 Hesitant DOWN
1 Chess, by one
2 Guitarist
3 Lodger
4 Address
5 The bomb's burning
6 Make a decision
5 Issues orders
6 Little, a la lappie
7 Dying wish
8 Following
9 Following along
10 Bird or butterfly
11 Where did this
truit come from, Holmes?
12 Humorist
13 Bird's buddies
14 Dressing type
15 Where did this
truit come from, Holmes?
16 Bird or butterfly
17 Where did this
fruit come from, Holmes?
18 Artificial fabric component
19 Bird's buddies
20 Gives the once-over
21 Villagers
23 Slum problem
25 Nuts
26 Workout spot
29 Jersey bouncers?
31 Zoo attractions
34 Feel lousy
35 Stretched out loosely
37 Alcohol bumer
38 Featured
40 Friday
41 Imposing
group
42 Ne plus ultra
43 Go back to page one
44 Lines
46 Pre-election event
48 Portal scheme
e.g.
49 Hold on Tight
50 I Still See "Call Your Wagon"
tune
51 Bird or butterfly
52 Speaker of diamond lane
54 Holds in check
57 Different
60 Cabinet display
16 Is in the style of a
designer
58 Humorist
59 Bird or butterfly
62 Maximal master
63 Artificial fabric component
65 Star in Cygnus
66 Raise for aphids
67 Petrify oneself
68 Pieces of eight?
69 Hesitant

DOWN
1 Chela, for one
2 Guitarist
3 Address
4 Address
5 The bomb's burning
6 Make a decision
5 Issues orders
6 Little, a la lappie
7 Dying wish
8 Following
9 Following along
10 Bird or butterfly
11 Where did this
fruit come from, Holmes?
12 Humorist
13 Bird's buddies
14 Dressing type
15 Where did this
fruit come from, Holmes?
16 Bird or butterfly
17 Where did this
fruit come from, Holmes?
18 Artificial fabric component
19 Bird's buddies
20 Gives the once-over
21 Villagers
23 Slum problem
25 Nuts
26 Workout spot
29 Jersey bouncers?
31 Zoo attractions
34 Feel lousy
35 Stretched out loosely
37 Alcohol bumer
38 Featured
40 Friday
41 Imposing
group
42 Ne plus ultra
43 Go back to page one
44 Lines
46 Pre-election event
48 Portal scheme
e.g.
49 Hold on Tight
50 I Still See "Call Your Wagon"
tune
51 Bird or butterfly
52 Speaker of diamond lane
54 Holds in check
57 Different
60 Cabinet display
16 Is in the style of a
designer
58 Humorist
59 Bird or butterfly
62 Maximal master
63 Artificial fabric component
65 Star in Cygnus
66 Raise for aphids
67 Petrify oneself
68 Pieces of eight?
69 Hesitant

---

Read the paper that covers the law better than any other source: the Los Angeles Daily Journal.

Loyola students can now get the Daily Journal for one month free before 5/30/98.

---

YES! Sign me up for one month FREE of the Daily Journal as a law school student at Loyola.

Name: [ ]
School: Loyola
Address: [ ]
City: [ ] State: [ ] Zip +4: [ ]
Phone: [ ]

Mail or Fax to: Daily Journal Circulation Department
915 E. First Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012 (213) 229-5425 Fax (213) 680-3682
Five years ago, GUESS? Jeans, a Los Angeles-based manufacturer, initiated the very first voluntary monitoring program of apparel contractors in the United States with the U.S. Department of Labor. This monitoring program guarantees that all workers in the apparel industry working on GUESS? garments are paid proper wages and overtime in compliance with federal and state labor laws.

Manufacturers’ voluntary monitoring programs work!!

GUESS? supports workers' rights.

GUESS? guarantees its independent contractors are 100% sweatshop-free and in full compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Laws.

GUESS? is proud of its labor record.